RJ 137493.

G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references. 187778

191 .

(Land Revenue)

File No. 50

Serial Nos. 7

Later references.

LR 58 of 93/94.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 47

~~Part~~ **B for** Sep 99

SUBJECT.

Levy of Taxon Lime Kilns and Quarries —

Gl

Undecided Dec

W D 88—GPB—50,000—24-7-16

№ 148

Letter No. 199/54 of the 10th June 1868 from the Commr. Ashtagram Dn.

No. 814/42 of 6.6.67.

From Dy Supt. Nilgiris No. 538/248 of 3.6.67
To Do Dy No. 887/20 of 6.6.67

No. 1473/37 of 12-6-67

In June 1867, the Supt. of the Ashtagram Dn., submitted copy of correspondence marginally noted on the subject of the large export of Chunam for building purposes from the Gundulpett Taluq to the Neilgherries and Wynaad and the injury done to the land in its excavation, and suggested that the quarries or lands abounding in lime and uncultivable be let at rates to be fixed on further report from the Dy. Supt., or by auction sale for the year of the right to collect and burn the limestone under special license issued by the Amildar or the Dy. Supt. In reply, the Supt. was informed that while

while no duty in the form of an "Export duty" could be levied on traffic of this nature, the Govt had unquestionably a right to demand a fee for the use of those localities where the lime or Chunam is quarried; that this fee might be fixed according to the Extent or productiveness of the quarry, or the right of extracting the lime might be leased annually; but that there were points on which a decision would be more readily arrived at probably after the receipt of a further report called for by the Supdt from the Dy Supdt, and that therefore a further Communication from the Supdt would be awaited.

2. The Dy Supdt reported that the approximate extent of land from which lime stone was dug in the Talugs of Heggedavenkottah & Gundlupet

No 1576/702 of 24.9.67

was not obtainable, that it is is gathered from the surface and from small pits or holes about from 1 to 3 or 4 feet deep in different localities principally in the jungle & waste lands; that the quantity of stones exported from the Goondulpett Taluk was reported at about 2000 bandy-loads a year to the neilgherries alone, and that Wynaad Coffee Planters also export some 500 Candies or more. In reply to the Supdt's No 11/106 of the 1st Octr 1867, the Dy Supdt further reported that as no registers had been kept of persons exporting limestone their number could not be stated, and recommended that the marginally noted number of licenses for the export of limestone be put up to auction at the Taluk Cutcherry, after the publication of a notification to that

* No 1727/770 d/10.10.67

From what Taluk.	To what place.	No of licenses.
Goondulpett.	Cotacammund.	6
Do	Wynaad	3
Heggedevenkotta	Do	4

effect in the Ootacamund newspapers and in the Malabar Gazette, and that the purchaser of the licence should obtain a pass from the Taluk Cutcherry to shew that the export has been made under a licence. The Supdt submitted this above correspondence to this Office and suggested that the course suggested by the Dy Supdt be carried out.

No 2689/145 dy 22.10.67

In reply, the Supdt was informed that the course suggested by the Dy Supdt met with the Bd's approval; that at the same time, care should be taken that for the reasons given in this Office letter No 1473/37 of the 12th June 1867, these licences confer merely the right to use certain lime-stone quarries, there being no intention to impose an Export duty upon traffic

No 4412/105 dy 7.11.67

putting up to public
auction, the right to quarry
for a year in certain lo=
=calities and issuing a
license to the highest bid=
=der was in lieu substi=
=tuted in Chauriapara,
Gundlupett and Periya=
=patna Taluks only; that
this subsequently raised the
question of monopoly, but
it was ruled that this
right did not vest in
license holders; that the
operation of the license
system was subsequently
extended to other Taluks
but not introduced as
a general measure; that
a tax on kilns in lieu
of the license system was
considered and deemed
inapplicable to the whole
Dist[o] and the matter
directed to lie over
for future consideration;
that the system of issuing
licenses

traffic of this description, that the widest publicity should be given throughout the Taluks of the intended sale of the right and that copies of the proposed notification should be forwarded for insertion in the local Gazette as well as the Kotacamund and Malabar Newspapers; and that the proceeds realized should be carried to the credit of Govt. under the head of Forest Revenue.

3. On a further reference from the Supdt., it was ordered that the receipts from fees on licenses for quarrying lime stone properly belong to the head of Land Revenue, and that they should be entered distinctly in the Treasury accounts below the sub-head of Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

As

* No. 3033/160 dt 14.11.07

⊗ No. 4835/116 dt 26.11.07

4. As requested by the Supdt. in his letter No. 2991/92 of the 13th November last, the Dy. Supdt. forwarded for approval and publication a notification in English and Canarese regarding the sale of licenses for the right of using limestone quarries in the Heggeddévankottah, Gundlupett and Chamraj-nagar Talukś and also a form of license to be issued

× No. 6561/1322 of 18.2.68

5. In his letter noted in the margin, the Dy Commr. of the Mysore Distt. reported to the Commr. that the question of lime quarries has formed the subject of correspondence from 1866, that Col: Hutchins as far back as June 1867, proposed the levy of duties in some Talukś at the marginally noted rates, but a system of putting

× No. 890 of 7.1.78

× Bandy-load of Stone Removed
Do — Chunam —
Bullock load of Stone —
Do — Chunam —

licenses to the highest bidder was cancelled as regards Chamrajnagar; and that thus the practice was not uniform. The Dy Commr ~~stated~~ therefore suggested the advisability of introducing one uniform system as follows

1st Quarrying not to be allowed in arable land

2nd Durkhasts to be made for permission to quarry, if granted, the rates to be Rs 5 per acre. The Revenue from this to be credited to Land Revenue.

3rd Kiln burners to pay a tax to be credited to Municipality of Rs 10 per Kiln obtaining their wood for the purpose as Traders under the Forest Rules.

4th - Ryots equally with others engaging in the business either of quarrying, carting or carrying or burning, to pay the Land Revenue for the land taken up and destroyed by quarrying and the

the Mohaturfa tax of 2 per bundy or 10 per Kiln as carriers or burners.

6. The Offg Supdt. Mysore Revenue Survey [x] states that he has no personal knowledge of the peculiarities of the quarries, but that from the correspondence they appear to be of two desciptions, viz the 28 quarries referred to in Mysore Distt Dy Commrs No. 6561/1322 of the 18th February 1868, which collectively cover an area of 70 Kuduru or about 50 acres, and of other lands described in the Dy Commrs No. 1576/702 of 24th Septr 1867 where it is stated that the lime nodules are collected on the surface or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep. With regard to the 28 quarries, the Offg Survey Supdt recommends the limits of each being clearly defined and the rights of quarrying in each

[x] No 112 of 25.2.78 to Commr

sold yearly by auction.
He states that where the
lime stone lies on the
surface, the right to collect
might advantageously be
sold by auction yearly
village by village, the
Amildar fixing a fair
upset price in accordance
with the area and lime yielding
qualities of the lands, the
purchaser to have the pri-
-vilege of collecting the lime
stones on all unoccupied
lands in the village but no
right to trespass on any
occupied land, and that
a stipulation might be
entered, if necessary, forbid-
-ding Excavation to more
than 3 feet from the surface.
The Dt Survey Supdt thinks
that the ryots should have
full authority to collect
surface lime stone in their
patta lands or permit others
to do so, but not to Excavate
in any way so as to injure
the lands for cultivation.

Vide

Vide orders passed prescribed under this section at para 30 of the Resolution of GOI

(vide Section XXXV of Bombay Act I of 1865); and that a tax of Rs 10 per Kiln or whatever amount might be considered necessary as recommended by the Dy Commr in his no 890 of the 7th January 1878 might advantageously be levied, as it would act as a check to the consumption of firewood used in firing the Kilns.

7. The Survey Commr states that he sees no objection to the leasing of the lime quarries as proposed by the Dy Commr of Mysore, & that he agrees with the views expressed in paras 3 & 4 of the A.g. Survey Supdt's letter no 112 of 25th Febry last as regards respecting the rights of ryots in their occupied lands.

x no 492 of 1.5.78 to Commr

8. Referring to the above correspondence, the Commr concurs in the desirability

no 199/54 of 10.6.78

desirability of leasing lime quarries on Govt un-occupied lands in the manner proposed by the Dy Commr in para 6 of his letter No 890 of the 7th January 1878, and allowing the ryots to collect surface lime-stone in their patta or occupied lands under certain restrictions as remarked by the Survey Supdt and Commr.

2. Before passing final orders the Govr may, I think, be consulted

R. H. Thornton
27/6/78

The duty of the Govt in this Collr seems unnecessary.
The Dep Commr's proposal seems suitable, and may be tried.
The object of granting licenses on permit for occasional lime in uncultivable lands, of course to be on a necessary check on the kind of which the Govt is otherwise to permit

* of quarrying for lime anywhere. The fee to be levied is fixed at Rs 5 annually and with the concurrence of the Talook Officer, I see little no arable lands are taken upon and that the quarries are in hilly tracts remote from cultivation.
I understand that a proposal is under consideration to levy a royalty on lime quarried also on private lands but I do not understand that a proposal of which the licensee holds the right to quarry for lime-stone for public lands which is necessary, if at all, as a condition precedent, to the grant of a license for private lands is to be made. Where the right to quarry for lime on private lands is conferred under the provisions of the Bombay Act, and the Govt may think

I do not agree to
the Comm^r may be
decision to dispose
Rules on the subject
and submit them
for approval

28/6

28/6

10. The foregoing orders were communicated to the Comm^r, Ashtagram Div^n in this Office Proceedings No. 2709/34 of the 9th July 1878.

11. With reference to the above, the Comm^r submits after further consultation with the D^y Comm^r Mysore, a revised draft notification containing the proposed rules for taking lime quarries in the Mysore Dist^t, and states that should it meet with the approval and sanction of the Govt the proposed rules can be

† No 695/207 of 6.1.79

brought into effect in that Distt from the 1st of April 1879 subject to the submission of a report regarding the result after the expiry of a year. The Commr adds that the question of extending the system to the Hassan Distt will be deferred till the ensuing off. year, as the Dy Commr of that Distt has not yet submitted his opinion in the matter.

12. I think the draft Notfn may be approved for publn in the Gazette. Rule 2 refers only to Govt lands — and not to Inam lands. Govt may be inserted between "uncultivable" & "waste lands" in Rule 2.

27/1/79

Subm?

The verbal alteration is not necessary I think for the inclusion of "unoccupied uncultivable or" & Inamland is not "unoccupied"

The proposed mohatarfa I mean will require sanction of Govt as formerly decided &

*

The system of presenting Dur khasts and obtaining permission from the Dep. Comm^r to collect lime stone would impose needless obstruction on an ordinary trade of daily importance to the people. It may be doubted whether Rs 5 per acre can be paid for the collection of lime.

2. It is not stated what the tax at present levied on lime kilns is; so that a decision might be arrived at whether the Rs 10 proposed is fair or too high for remote villages, as distinguished from those in the vicinity of large Towns.

3. As pointed out by the Supt of Survey the distinction sh^d be drawn between regular quarries of lime stone, where lime has to be dug out, & the mere collecting of lime nodules upon the surface of lands, or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep. Quarries may conveniently be rented out by auction yearly. Upon the surface collection of lime stone, on Govt unoccupied lands, the tax would be best collected by the village or other authorities

It good policy to institute a tax on a special industry such as this? There is no calculation made as to the revenue which to accrue and while it is desirable to check indiscriminate quarrying in Govt lands by reserving to the Govt the option of leasing or refusing the right to quarry or by charging a fee as proposed the imposition of such a tax in the absence of any such calculation cannot be upheld as necessary as a financial measure

I shld recommend an alteration in the rules, to provide that no unoccupied uncultivable waste may be quarried for lime stone without previous sanction in writing of the Asst. That for the right to quarry a fee of Rs 5 per acre or part of an acre will be charged. That the D.C. can refuse to grant the right on any land without assigning his reasons therefor & that quarrying cultivable land may be allowed on payment of penalty or revenue in addition to the Rs 5 rate according to provs of s XXXV Survey act.

29/1 *

at a certain rate per cart or bullock load. The collection of this tax might be rented out Taluk wise, Hobli wise, or by other convenient Divisions, the renter only collecting the Tax and not interfering with the collection of the lime stone by the lime traders. A Moh turfa tax may also be levied on kilns. Excavations calculated to injure arable lands may be prohibited.

The Commr. should revise the rules in accordance with the above observations, after obtaining the necessary information in respect of the Hagari District.

BG 10/2

11/2

11/2

General No 1993
Revenue -4- 543

To.

Mysore, 10th June 1878.

The Secretary to the Chief
Commissioner of Mysore.

Sir

Referring to the previous correspondence
as per margin on the Subject of leasing Lime
Quarries in the Mysore District, I have the honor
to submit, for the orders of the Chief Commr.,
the accompanying Copies of letters from the Deputy
Commissioner Mysore and the Survey Supdt. and
Commissioner, Expressing their opinion regarding
the best measures to be adopted in connection
with Lime Quarries, I concur in the desirability
of leasing Lime Quarries on Government unoccu-
pied lands in the manner proposed by the Deputy
Commissioner, vide para 4 of his letter No. 890 dt
4th January 1878, and of allowing the Ryots to collect
Surface Lime-Stone in their patta or occupied lands
under certain restrictions, as remarked by the
Survey Superintendent and Commissioner

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obt. Servant

Asst Commissioner
Arkm.

* This Office letter No. 884/42 dt 6th June 1867.
Recpt: reply No. 1473 - Rev: 37 dt 12th June 1867.
This Office No. 2689/145 dt 21st Oct. 1867.
Recpt: reply No. 4412/105 dt 7th November 1867.

* 1 - from the Dy Commr Mysore to the Commr No. 6561/1322 dt 18-2-68.
1 - do - do - No. 890 dt 4th January 1878.
1 - fr. the Survey Supt. to the Commr No. 112 dt 25-2-78.
1 - fr. the Survey Commr to the Commr No. 492 dt 1st May 1878.

2/48

19

Rec'd 1063/67 8

Recd 5th 67 8

0116

53.

No 102

From

The Commr of the Admr. Dept

To

The Secy to the Chief Comr of Mysore.

Dated Mysore 10th June 68.

Dep'd.

Received 15

43 14

Record No. 1993

Rec'd — — 1574

Encls. No. 1

Secretary's No. 1473/937 12 June 67.

On the Subject of leasing Lime Quarries in the Mysore Dist

To Russell 14/6

122186

20/6

No. 6561
322.

1/a

Deputy Superintendent's Office,
Mysore District.

From.

The Deputy Superintendent
Mysore District.

To.

The Superintendent
Ashtagram Division.

Dated Mysore, 18th February 1868.

Sir,

As requested in the concluding para of your letter No. 2201/92 of the 13th November last, I have the honor to forward, for your approval, a draft Notification both in English and Canarese, regarding the sale of licenses for the right of using lime stone quarries in the Hegged Devanka, Gundlupett and Chamrajnagar Talooks, also a form of license to be issued. If you approve of them, I request you will be so good as to have the Notification published in the Mysore Gazette, as well as in the Malabar and Coimbatore papers, and also to furnish me with a number of printed forms of the license.

2. I also request, you will be good enough to inform me, whether you approve of the Notification &c. in order to enable me to issue orders to the Amildars to take necessary measures to hold the sale on a certain fixed date.

I have &c.
Sd. J. M. McHutchin
Deputy Superintendent
Mysore District

Deputy

Deputy Commissioner's Office.
Mysore District.
Dated Mysore, 7th January 1878 No. 870.

To.

The Commissioner of the
Ashtagram Division.

Sir

The question of Lime Quarries in the District has formed the Subject of Correspondence from 1861 to 1874 Vide marginal references, and I have the honor to remark, still requires Consideration.

1. Colonel McCluskie as far back as June 1867 proposed the levy of duties at the following rates in Some Talooks:-

	Rs	A	P.
Bandy load of stone removed	—	4	—
do: Chunam	1	—	—
Bullock load of stone	—	2	—
do: Chunam	—	4	—

but a System of putting up to public auction, the right to quarry for a year in certain localities and issuing a license to the highest bidder was in lieu, substituted in Chamrajnagar, Gundlupet and Periyapatna Talooks only.

2. This subsequently raised the question of monopoly, but it was ruled this right did not exist in License holders.

3. The operation of the License System was subsequently Extended to other Talooks, but not introduced as a General measure.

4. Then a tax on kilns in lieu of the License System was considered and deemed inapplicable to the whole District, and the matter directed to lie

over

to Excavate in any way so as to injure the land for cultivation, vide section ~~XXXV~~ of Bombay Act I of 1865.

5. A tax of Rs. 10 per Kiln or whatever amount might be considered necessary as recommended by the Deputy Comm.r in his No. 890 of 7th January 1878 might advantageously be levied as it would act as a check to the consumption of firewood used in firing the kilns.

I have &c.

(Sd.) — Anderson.

Hd. Superintendent

Nipani Revenue Survey.

No. 472. From.

Colonel W. C. Anderson.

Survey Commissioner

Nipani.

To.

Major Cole.

Officiating Commissioner

Ashtagram Division

Survey Commissioner's Office

Bombay, 1st May 1878.

Sir

With reference to your No. 71 of the 24th ultimo, I have the honor to inform you that I see no objection to the leasing the Lime Quarries in the manner proposed by the Deputy Superintendent of Nipani

2. I agree with the views expressed in paras 3 & 4 of the letter of the Acting Supt. Nipani Revenue

over for future consideration.

5. Now the system of issuing licenses to the highest bidder was cancelled as regards Kauri gum, and thus it will be observed the practice is not uniform, and I consider, is adverse to the interests of Government.

6. I would therefore suggest for your consideration the advisability of introducing one uniform system, and the following appears to me simple and suitable:-

1st Quarrying not to be allowed in arable land.

2nd Deductions to be made for permission to quarry, if granted, the rate to be £2-5 per acre. The revenue from this to be credited to Land Revenue.

3rd Kiln burners to pay a tax to be credited to Mohatuna at £1-10 per kiln obtaining their wood for the purposes as Traders, under the Forest Rules.

4th Kyoto equally with others engaging in the business either of quarrying, carting or carrying, or burning, to pay the Land Revenue for the Land taken up and destroyed by quarrying, and the Mohatuna tax of £2 per laudy or £1-10 per kiln as Quarriers or burners.

I have &c
Sd. C. J. Pearse.
Deputy Commissioner
Thyra Drill

The Commissioner
Stratheam Division.
Survey Superintendent's Office.
Tauhara, 25th February 1878.

Sir

Sir.

23 A

In reply to your letter No. 1031 of 16th Instant requesting my opinion as to the best measures to be adopted with regard to certain lime quarries referred to in Correspondence herewith returned, I beg to inform you that I have no personal knowledge of the peculiarities of the quarries, but from the Correspondence they appear to be of two descriptions, viz the 28 quarries referred to in Inverne District Deputy Commissioner's No. 6561/1322 of 18th February 1868 which collectively cover an area of 70 Kildins i. e. about 50 acres, and of other lands described in Deputy Comm.rs No. 1576/702 of 24th September 1867 where it is stated that the lime nodules are collected on the surface, or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep.

2. With regard to the 28 quarries, I should recommend the limits of each being clearly defined, and the right of quarrying in each, sold yearly by auction

3. Where the lime stone lies on the surface, the right to collect, might advantageously be sold by auction yearly Village by Village, the Kildees having a fair upset price in accordance with the area and lime yielding qualities of the lands- the purchaser to have the privilege of collecting the lime stones on all unoccupied lands, & stipulations might be entered if considered necessary, forbidding excavation to more than 3 feet from the surface.

X in the Village but no right to trespass on any occupied land

4. The Royals should have, I think, full authority to collect surface lime stone in their native lands or permit others to do so, but not to

Revenue Survey No. 42 of the 25th February last, appended to your letter under reply regarding respecting ryots rights in their occupied lands.

I have &c.

(Sd) W. C. Anderson.
Survey Commissioner

Myso. &c.

Copies

D.C. / Comm.r Adm.n D.o

Mudy.

51(2)

General N: 2709
B " 34

Dated 9th July 1878

Letter No 199/54 of the 10th June 1875 from the Commr, Ashtagram Dn, submitting for orders, copies of letters from the Dy Commr of the Mysore Distt and from the Survey Supdt and the Survey Commr on the subject of leasing Lime quarries in the Mysore Distt. Submitting proposals for issuing licenses.

Order thereon — The proposal made in para 6 of the Dy Commrs letter No 890 of the 7th January 1878 submitted with the above seem suitable and may be tried.

2. The Chief Commr observes that the object of granting licenses or permits to excavate lime in uncultivable lands is of course to place a necessary check on the liberty which would otherwise be exercised of quarrying for lime anywhere. The fee

The rules proposed by the Dy Commr Mysore Dist in his letter No 890 of 7 Jan 1878 appear to be upon the whole, sufficiently stringent, except the 4th, which is not understood to be known as considered when the Rule which appears to be, and may be quarrying Lime which uncultivable lands.

In ~~Rule~~ Rule 3 ~~proposed~~ proposed to fix Lime Kilns, 3rd Clause, may be provided for by the Forest Rules recently

2/148

1879. C. 4515.

SC 3 186.

From The Commr Ashtby.

To The Secretary to the Chief Commr of Mysore Bangalore

Dated 6th January.
Rect'd 10th
Reed 8th
Rept'd 9th

Enclosures No.

General No. 65 } 78-79.
R No. 204 }

Submits draft Notification containing proposed Rules for laying down Limestone in the Kaval District &c.

To
The Secretary
16-1-79

for the license is fixed at Rs. 5 per acre annually, and it will be incumbent on the Taluk Officials to see that no arable lands are entered upon and that the quarries are in each case defined and demarcated. A Mohaturfa tax of 10 Rs per Lime Kiln might be levied also as proposed, but the Chief Commr does not understand the 4th proposal, in para 6 of the Dy Commrs letter above referred to, by which the licenseholder will be required to pay the Land Revenue for the land which is used for quarrying, if as is made a Condition precedent, no arable, and therefore assessable, land is to be so used. Where a Ryot quarries in his assessed land, he comes under the penalties of the Bombay Act I of 1865 and is required to pay a fine of 30 years assessment.

3. The Commr is requested to draft Rules on the above subject and submit them for approval.

Secretary.

To the Commr, Ashtagram Dee
" " Survey & Settlt Commr
Survey Supdt

Memorandum

3. The Rules required by para 2 of the Commr's letter under reply should be framed by the Commr himself, after full discussion with the Collectors of the districts in which lime quarries are situated.

To The Commissioner Ashtagram Dee

9th July 1878

Dept. No. 6 Genl. No. 2709
Rec'd 9-8-78. 18 34
Commr's No. 199/54 d. 10 Aug

Order relative to the leasing of lime quarries in the Mysore Distt.

2110

Draft Notification

The right of quarrying or collecting Lime stone in the Mysore District will be leased out yearly under the following restrictions.

II In quarrying or Collecting Limestone will be allowed only on unoccupied uncultivable Waste Lands, on Pattas to be granted by Traders or cultivating ryots and accepted by the Deputy Commissioner. The lease will be renewed yearly, a land tax of Rs. 5 per acre being levied on the Waste lands in which quarrying or collecting Limestone is allowed.

III All Kiln burners will pay a Mohturfa of Rs 10 per Kiln yearly, the number of Kilns being regulated by the Deputy Commissioner, and the wood required for the purpose obtained as Traders under the Forest Rules.

IV The land tax will be Credited to "Land Revenue", and the tax on Kilns to "Mohturfa".

General No. 695 } 70.79
C. No. 204

Commissioners Office
Ashtagram Division

(3)

To.

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
of Mysore
Bangalore

Dated Mysore the 6th January 1879.

Sir,

Adverting to the Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 2709, dated 9th July 1878, I have the honor to submit herewith after further consultation with the Deputy Commissioner Mysore, a revised draft Notification Containing the proposed rules for taxing lime quarries in the Mysore District, and to state that should this meet with the approval and sanction of the Chief Commissioner the proposed rules can be brought into effect in that District from the 1st of April 1879. subject to the submission of a report regarding the result after the expiry of a year.

2. The question of extending the system to the Hassan District will be deferred till the ensuing official year, as the Deputy Commissioner of that District has not yet submitted his opinion in the matter

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedt Servant,
[illegible]
Commr Ashtagram Divn

L/48.

1879 314
No 106.

To
The Comm.rs Ashtapam Dis.

Dated 15th February
Despd. " "
Rec.d 22/2 General No. 10555
R. 107

Limestone Quarries

Draft Order to Asht.m Com.rs

Passing orders on the subject of the draft Notification proposed Rules for leasing limequarries in the Ampthill Dist.

Noted the
15th Inst.

General No. 10555
R. 107

Dated 15th February 1879

Read Ashtagram Divl. Comm'r's letter No. 685 R 207 dated 6 Jan'y 79 submitting a Draft Not. containing proposed Rules for taxing Lime quarries in the Mysore Dist.

Order. To require the presentation of duplicates to the Dep.y Com.r and the grant of permission by that Off.r before any person can gather or quarry limestone which would be imposing needless restrictions on an ordinary trade of daily importance to the people

2. A distinction should also be drawn between limestone Quarries, & the mere collecting of lime nodules upon the surface of the land, or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep.

3. The C.C. considers that Quarries may be rented annually, while the tax on surface collection might be collected at so much a cart or bullock load by the village Officers, or these rates being fixed, the right to collect them might be rented Talukwar or Hobliwar

4. It will be within the Dy Com

discretion ~~to proceed~~ altogether to prohibit excavations on arable lands calculated to injure them for agriculture

5. With regard to the Mohatarfa on kilns the C.C. wishes to know if any & what fee is now charged on kilns, and is unable to decide on the information afforded whether a Mohatarfa rate of Rs 10 is fair or too high for remote villages as distinguished from those in the vicinity of large Towns.

6. The Commr is requested to obtain the required information for the Hassan Dist as well as Mysore, and then revise the proposed rules in accordance with the above suggestions

15/2

To

Rural No 268
Revenue No 85

34

6

Ashtagram Dt. Commissioner's Office.
Mysore, 26th August 1879.

To

The Revenue Secretary to the
Chief Commissioner of Mysore.
Bangalore.

Sir

As directed in the Chief Commr's Proceedings No 10555/Rev 10/ dated 15th February 1879, I have the honor to submit herewith, after Consultation with the Deputy Commissioners Mysore and Hassan, a revised draft Notification containing the proposed Rules for taxing Lime quarries in the Mysore and Hassan Districts, and to state that should this meet with the approval and sanction of the Chief Commissioner, the proposed Rules can be brought into effect at once.

2 Referring to para 5 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings above quoted no Mohatarfa, or fee, is at present levied on Kilns. The Deputy Commissioner Hassan is of opinion that a tax of from 1 to 2 Rs in Villages, and 3 to 5 Rs in Kusbahs and Towns may be imposed on Kilns yearly, according to their size and situation. The Deputy Commissioner Mysore states that as lime burning is confined to certain classes, he considers the uniform rate of 10 Rs per Kiln to be suitable and not likely to affect the poorer

population

population in villages, as Chunam Burners are understood to obtain good profit under arrangements with the Lime Contractors. Although the Exact amount of this profit cannot be ascertained for want of reliable information, I concur in these views; but it appears to me that the proposed annual tax on Kilns might be reduced to 5 Rs yearly in outlying villages. The reduction would not be needed in the vicinity of large Towns, such as Mysore, Seringapatam, Chinnúr &c.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most Obd.t Serv.t

Commissioner
Adm. Dr.

Rev. No. 2523

1879. 85 A.

From

The Commissioner of the Ashtagram Div.

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
Revenue ~~General~~ Department.

Dated Mysore, 26th August 1879

Despatched

Received 28 —

Enclosures No.

General No. 268
Rev. No. 85 } 1879—80.

Submitting a revised Draft Notification containing the proposed Rules for Taxing Lime Quarries in the Mysore and Hassan Districts.—

28.8.79

Rd

Return

Rd

30/8/79

Rd

M/o

53
a

Draft Rules Regarding Lime Quarries.

1. The right of quarrying on Government waste and unarable land will be rented out Jalookwar yearly for a fixed sum or the highest amount of bid in the auction sale. Quarrying includes all excavations other than surface picking.

2. Where the lime stone lies on the surface on unoccupied (uncultivable) waste lands, the right to collect it will be sold by auction yearly Jalookwar or Kabliwar as the Deputy Commissioner considers proper.

3. It will be within the deputy Commissioners discretion to prohibit excavations on arable lands in cases in which they are likely to injure them for agricultural.

4. All lime burners will pay yearly a Mohturfa varying from 5 to 10 Rupees per kiln, as will be decided by the Deputy Commissioner according

according to the size or importance of each Kiln, and obtain wood for burning as Traders.-

5. The surface lime stone in the Ryots Puttah lands may be collected by the occupants or persons on their behalf, free of any tax, provided that they do not excavate in any way so as to injure the land for cultivation.-

Proc. of the Chief Comr. of Mysore
Revenue Deptt.

Read.—

Letter from the Commissioner of the Arbitration Division, No. 268/85 dt 26th August/79. submitting a revised draft notification containing the proposed rules for taxing Lime Quarries in the Mysore & Hassan Districts.

Order thereon.—No 2755-66/R. 487 dt 4th Sept 79. Bangalore

The Chief Commissioner apprehends that the renting Talukdar or even Hobliwar of the right to collect limestone would ~~needlessly interfere with the occupations of the persons~~ ^prove harrassing to those engaged in the trade. He considers that the Govt dues on limestone collected upon the surface of lands, or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep, ~~which could be levied by [illegible] ~~putting a case to the cost of the levies of the collection~~~~ would be most conveniently realized in the form of a tax

on

on kilns in which the lime is burnt. This tax may be fixed at 10 Rs per kiln per annum in the large towns where the trade is remunerative, at 5 Rs in the Cusbahs of Taluks or in large & important Villages, and at 2 Rs in other Villages,— the proceeds being credited to the head of Sabaturfa.

2. The collection of the stone will be otherwise free on all Government ~~[illegible]~~ lands, arable or waste, provided no injury is done to the lands. The stone may be collected from occupied lands only with the permission of the landholders. This is not to preclude valuable Quarries of limestone ~~wherever they may occur on [illegible] land~~ ~~exist~~ being granted out in specified localities, at the discretion of the District authorities.

on Govt., or unoccupied land

3. The levy of the tax on the kilns will convey no special right to the wood required for burning the lime, which must be obtained

in

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore in the Revenue Department, (Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce),—dated 4th September 1879.

READ—

Letter from the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, No. 368—85, dated 26th August 1879, submitting a revised draft notification containing the proposed rules for taxing Lime-quarries in the Mysore and Hassan Districts.

No. 2755-66—R. 487, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH SEPTEMBER 1879.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner apprehends that the renting Talukwar or even Hobliwar of the right to collect limestone would prove harrassing to those engaged in the trade. He considers that the Government dues on limestone collected upon the surface of lands, or from holes from 1 to 4 feet deep, would be most conveniently realized in the form of a tax on kilns in which the lime is burnt. This tax may be fixed at Rs. 10 per kiln per annum in the large towns where the trade is remunerative, at Rs. 5 in the kasbas of taluks or in large and important villages, and at Rs. 2 in other villages, the proceeds being credited to the head of Mohatarfa.

2. The collection of the stone will be otherwise free on all Government lands, arable or unarable, provided no injury is done to the lands. The stone may be collected from occupied lands, only with the permission of the land-holders. This is not to preclude valuable quarries of limestone on Government or unoccupied land being rented out in specified localities at the discretion of the District authorities.

3. The levy of the tax on the kilns will convey no special right to the wood required for burning the lime, which must be obtained in the usual manner. The Government dues on limestone carried beyond the frontier may be levied at fixed moderate rates per cart or bullock load, where the same may be found necessary.

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division. 1 1
„ Commissioner, Nagar Division. 1 1
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts. 8 24 @ 3
„ Survey Commissioner for information. 1 1
„ Deputy Accountant General. 1 1
12 28
40
With draft 1
Reserve 9
Total 50

(7)

1879.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

To

THE COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.
" Do NAGAR DIVISION.
" DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS OF DISTRICTS.
" SURVEY COMMISSIONER.
" DEPUTY ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

Dated 4th September.
Despatched 10
Received
Recd 11

No. 2755-66.
R. 487.

Issues instructions relative to the levy of a tax on lime kilns.

Mysore Govt. Press, Bangalore.—6 9-79.—50.

4769

2 9 79

Reforwd

2 Secretary with Bntes Bonds

95

Revd Rec. 30.4.2

1879.

From The Depty Commr Shimoga

To

The Secretary to Chief Commissioner, of Mysore
Revenue ~~General~~ Department.

Dated 15th September

Despatched 17th do

Received 20 " "

Enclosures No. one

General No. 111 / No. — } 1879 — 80.

Sir, With reference to the Chief Commrs Rec: No. 2755-66 dated 4th Inst. (R 487) I have the honor to state that no tax is levied in this District on the right to collect limestone. In 1860 all Chillorbat taxes with the exception of those mentioned in para 3 of Circular No 29, dated 11th September 1860 were abolished and the Istahar dated 28th September 1860, a copy of which is enclosed, enumerates "Seeuna Kallu" or limestone among [redacted] items abolished.

2. I have the honor therefore to request instructions as to whether it is intended to re-impose the tax in this District, and if so, whether it should run from the Current official year. The order under reference having been passed on a reference from the Commissioner of Ashtagram would appear to decide on the principle involved therein. I have the honor

Sir

Your most obedt Servt

W Narasimmiah

Dy Commr

2079

9/9

ಇಸ್ತಿಹಾರ್

ಮೈಸೂರು ಧೊರೆಗಳ ಶೀಮೆಯ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರದ ಕಮಿಷನರವರು.

ರೌದ್ರಿ ಸಂವತ್ಸರದ ಅಧಿಕ ಆಶ್ವಯುಜ ಶುದ್ಧ ೧೪ಲ್ಲು ಯಿದರಿಂದ ಸಮಸ್ತ ಜನಗಳಿಗೂ ತಿಳಿಯಪಡಿಸುವದೇನಂದರೆ—

ಚಿಲ್ಲರ ಬಾಬುಗಳ ಪೈಕಿ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳ ಕ್ಷೇಮಾರ್ಥವಾಗಿ ಕೆಲವು ಬಾಬುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಫು ಮಾಡಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಯಿದೇ ಯಿಸವಿ ಶಪಟಂಬರು ೧೧ನೇ ತಾರೀಖಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಪಡಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಯಿಸ್ತಿಹಾರಿನ ಯರಡನೇ ಕಲಮಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಿದುವರಿಗೆ ಮೊಹತರಫಾ ಬಾಬಿನಲ್ಲಿ ವಸೂಲಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಯಿದ್ದ ಕಸಬ ತೆರಿಗೆ, ಜಾತಿ ತೆರಿಗೆ, ಹೊಗೆ ತೆರಿಗೆ, ಕೇಳಿಕೆ, ಬೇಡಿಕೆ, ಮುಂತಾದ ನಾನಾ ವಿಧ ತೆರಿಗೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಬದಲಾಗಿ, ಮನೆಕಂದಾಯ ವಗೈರೆ, ೪ ಬಾಬಿನ ತೆರಿಗೆಗಳನ್ನು ನೇಮಿಸಿರುವದಾಗಿ ಕಾಣಿಸಿ ಯಿದೆಯಪ್ಪೆ, ಆ ನಾನಾವಿಧ ತೆರಿಗೆಗಳು ಯಾವವೆಂದರೆ—

೧. ತೇಲಿ
೨. ಪಾಂಬಾಳ
೩. ಕುಂಬಾರ
೪. ಧೋಬಿ
೫. ಹಜಾಮ
೬. ಪಿಂಜಾರ
೭. ಬೆಸ್ತರ
೮. ಸುಂಣಕಲ್ಲು
೯. ಖಸಾಯಿ
೧೦. ಮ್ಯಾದರ
೧೧. ಕೊರಚರ
೧೨. ಜಲಗರ
೧೩. ಪಟವೆಗಾರ
೧೪. ಯಡಗೈ
೧೫. ಬಲಗೈ
೧೬. ಕಾಮಾಟಿ
೧೭. ಜಣಪರು
೧೮. ಗೂಡೆವರಿ
೧೯. ತುಪ್ಪದ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ
೨೦. ಮಾರ್ಗದ ಪಟ್ಟಡಿ
೨೧. ಕೌದಿ ತೆರಿಗೆ
೨೨. ಯಲೆಬಣಜಾ, ಗದ್ದೆಬಣಜಾ
೨೩. ಕಂಟ್ಲೆಸುಂಕ
೨೪. ಹಶಿವೆವರಿ
೨೫. ಯಲೆಕಾರಕ ಯಲೆವರಿ
೨೬. ತೋಟಪಟ್ಟಡಿ
೨೭. ತೋಟಕಾರಕ
೨೮. ಹಂಬುಕಾರಕ
೨೯. ಕಲಾಬತಿನವರು
೩೦. ಕಂಬೀನೂಲು
೩೧. ಕಾಗದಕಾರಖಾನೆ
೩೨. ನಾಲಬಂದಿ
೩೩. ಈಡಿಗರು
೩೪. ಕಡ್ಲೆಚಟ್ಟಿ
೩೫. ಹರಳುನಟ್ಟಡಿ
೩೬. ಕಂಬಳಿಕಾರಕ
೩೭. ರೇಪಂಕಾರಕ
೩೮. ವುಳ್ಳಿಕಾರಕ
೩೯. ಕೊಂಡಮಾರು, ದನಮಾರು
೪೦. ಚಿನವಾರಕಾರಕ
೪೧. ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಕಾರಕ
೪೨. ಕದರಕಾಣಿಕೆ
೪೩. ಕೈಯಂಣೆಗೂಡೆ
೪೪. ತೆಲಪಟ್ಟಡಿ
೪೫. ಅರಳೆವರಿ
೪೬. ಪಸಾರಿಕಾರಕ
೪೭. ಪಸರಾಯಿ
೪೮. ತೋಟಮಾರಸಾಯರ
೪೯. ರಶೀಗುತ್ತಾ
೫೦. ನೀಲಿಗುತ್ತಾ
೫೧. ಬೆತ್ತದಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆ
೫೨. ಅರಶಿನವುಂಡೆ ಹತ್ತಿವಾರಕಾಯಿ
೫೩. ವುಪ್ಪು ಮೆಣಸು
೫೪. ಕುಳವಾರಪಟ್ಟಡಿ
೫೫. ಹೊಗೆಹಣ
೫೬. ಆರಸುಂಕ ಯೇರಕಾಣಿಕೆ ಯೇರ ಭತ್ತರಾಗಿ ಯೆಂಬದಾಗಿ ಕೆಲವು ತಾಲೂಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವೊಂದೊಂದು ವಿಧವಾಗಿ ವಸೂಲಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಯಿದ್ದ ಬಾಬತು.

ಯಿದುವರಿಗೆ ಜಾತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕಸಬಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ವಸೂಲಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಯಿದ್ದದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಬದಲಾಗಿ ಯಿನ್ನು ಮೇಲೆ ಮೊಹತರ್ಫಾ ರಿವಾಜ ತಖ್ತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಮೂದು ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮನೆ ಕಂದಾಯ ವಸೂಲ್ ಆಧೀತು.

ಯೇರಕಾಣಿಕೆ ಆರಸುಂಕ ವೆಂಬದಾಗಿ ಕೆಲವರಿಂದ ಮಾತ್ರ ವಸೂಲ್ ಆಗುತ್ತಾಯಿತ್ತು. ಹಾಲಿ ಅಡ್ಡ ಮಾರ್ಗಗಳ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಗೋಸ್ಕರ ಯೇರು ಯಿಟ್ಟಂಥಾ ಸಮಸ್ತ ಜನರುಗಳು ಯೇರ ಕಂದಾಯವನ್ನು ರಿವಾಜು ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಕೊಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದಿದೆ.

ಬತಾರೀಖು ೨೪ನೇ ಶಪಟಂಬರ್ ೧೪೭೦ನೇ ಯಿಸವಿ,
ದರಜಾಗಾ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರ್.

ಕೃಷ್ಣಸ್ವಾಮಿಯಂಗಾರ್
ನಾಯಬ್ ಶಿರಸ್ತೆದಾರ್ ಹಜೂರ್.

ರುಜು ವಿಜಯೆರಂಗಂ ನಾಯಡು
ಹೆಡ್ ಶಿರಸ್ತೆದಾರ್ ಹಜೂರ್.

J. L. PEARSE,
Officiating Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1900.

547

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore in the Revenue Department, (Revenue),—dated 29th September 1879.

READ—

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, No. 111 of the 15th September 1879, enquiring with reference to Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2755—487, dated 4th idem, whether it is intended to re-impose the tax on lime stone which was abolished by the circular of 11th September 1860.

No. 3324-34—R. 564, DATED 29TH SEPTEMBER 1879.

ORDER THEREON.—The orders of 1860 were intended to relieve the people from oppressive personal taxes, and do not preclude the Government from enforcing its rights to lime stone or other produce collected on Government unoccupied lands. The tax on lime kilns is now ordered as the simplest form of enforcing the above right as regards lime stone, and it should be collected throughout the Province from the current year.

2. To remove any misapprehension on the subject, the Chief Commissioner in modification of the order dated 4th September 1879, directs that the proceeds of the tax be credited not to Mohatarfa, but to " Land Revenue, Miscellaneous."

3. Lime kilns in Inam villages in which stone collected within the limits of those villages only is burnt, will not be subject to any tax to Government.

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
" Commissioner, Nagar Division.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Deputy Accountant General.

(9)

1879.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE.

To

THE COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.
" " NAGAR "
" DY. COMMISSIONERS OF DISTRICTS.
" DY. ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

Dated 29th September.

Despatched

Received

No. 3324-34.
R. 564.

Tax on lime-kilns.—States with reference to the enquiry of the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga that it does not fall within the Circular Order of 1860, and directs that the proceeds of the tax which should be collected from the current year be credited to "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous" instead of to "Mohatarfa.

Mysore Govt. Press, Bangalore,—30-9-79—50.